

(iii) *Limitations.* Administer as a single intramuscular injection. Do not slaughter swine within 24 days of treatment. Consult your veterinarian for assistance in the diagnosis, treatment, and control of parasitism.

PART 556—TOLERANCES FOR RESIDUES OF NEW ANIMAL DRUGS IN FOOD

3. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 556 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 342, 360b, 371.

4. Section 556.225 is revised to read as follows:

§ 556.225 Doramectin.

A tolerance of 0.1 part per million (ppm) is established for parent doramectin (marker residue) in liver (target tissue) of cattle and 0.16 ppm in liver of swine.

Dated: October 22, 1997.

Stephen F. Sundlof,

Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 97-30562 Filed 11-20-97; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 558

New Animal Drugs for Use in Animal Feeds; Clopidol and Bacitracin Zinc With Roxarsone

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect approval of an abbreviated new animal drug application (ANADA) filed by Alpharma Inc. The abbreviated NADA provides for using approved clopidol, bacitracin zinc, and roxarsone Type A medicated articles to make Type C medicated broiler chicken feeds used for prevention of coccidiosis, improved feed efficiency, improved pigmentation, and increased rate of weight gain.

EFFECTIVE DATE: November 21, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jeffrey M. Gilbert, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV-128), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301-594-1602.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Alpharma Inc., One Executive Dr., P.O. Box 1399, Fort Lee, NJ 07024, is sponsor of ANADA 200-207 that provides for combining approved clopidol,

bacitracin zinc, and roxarsone Type A medicated articles to make Type C medicated feeds for broilers containing clopidol 113.5 grams per ton (g/t) and bacitracin zinc 4 to 25 g/t with roxarsone 45.4 g/t. The Type C medicated feed is used as an aid in the prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria tenella*, *E. necatrix*, *E. acervulina*, *E. brunetti*, *E. mivati*, and *E. maxima*, and for increased rate of weight gain, improved feed efficiency, and improved pigmentation.

Alpharma Inc.'s ANADA 200-207 is approved as a generic copy of Rhone-Poulenc, Inc.'s NADA 44-016. The ANADA is approved as of November 21, 1997 and 21 CFR 558.175 is amended to reflect the approval. The basis for approval is discussed in the freedom of information summary.

In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of 21 CFR part 20 and 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 12420 Parklawn Dr., rm. 1-23, Rockville, MD 20857, from 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(a)(1) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 558

Animal drugs, Animal feeds.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 558 is amended as follows:

PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.

§ 558.175 [Amended]

2. Section 558.175 *Clopidol* is amended in paragraph (d)(1)(iii)(b) by removing "No. 000061" and adding in its place "Nos. 000061 and 046573."

Dated: November 7, 1997.

Stephen F. Sundlof,

Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine.

[FR Doc. 97-30564 Filed 11-20-97; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Parts 809 and 864

[Docket No. 96N-0082]

RIN 0910-ZA03

Medical Devices; Classification/Reclassification; Restricted Devices; Analyte Specific Reagents

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is issuing a final rule to classify/reclassify analyte specific reagents (ASR's) presenting a low risk to public health into class I (general controls), and to exempt these class I devices from the premarket notification (510(k)) requirements. FDA is classifying/reclassifying ASR's used in certain blood banking tests as class II (special controls) because general controls are insufficient to provide a reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness. Finally, ASR's presenting a high risk are being classified or retained in class III (premarket approval). FDA is also designating all ASR's as restricted devices under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act), and establishing restrictions on their sale, distribution and use. The scope of products covered by this final rule includes both pre-1976 devices, which have not been previously classified, as well as post-1976 devices, which are statutorily classified into class III. The intent of this final rule is to regulate these pre- and post-1976 devices in a consistent fashion. This rulemaking does not affect requirements for reagents that are subject to licensure under the Public Health Service Act (the PHS Act). This rulemaking also does not affect reagents sold to nonclinical settings, including those reagents sold as components to manufacturers of cleared or approved in vitro diagnostic tests.

DATES: This rule is effective November 23, 1998.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Steven I. Gutman, Center for Devices and Radiological Health (HFZ-440), Food and Drug Administration, 2098 Gaither Rd., Rockville, MD 20850, 301-594-3084.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

The the act (21 U.S.C. 201 *et seq.*), as amended by the Medical Device